

Demographic Forecasting: Incorporating Qualitative Insight in Quantitative Modeling

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Harvard University

Joint work with Federico Girosi (RAND)
with contributions from Kevin Quinn and Gregory Wawro

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- Approach: Formalizing **qualitative** insights in **quantitative** models

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 - Goal: include as much information as possible from **any source**

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- Produces forecasts and farcasts using considerably more information

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 - Resolves analogous issues in predicting mortality by age, sex, and cause

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"Incorporating Quantitative Modeling into Qualitative Forecasts"

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Mean Absolute Error in Males (over age and country)

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	<u>% Improvement</u>	
	Over Best Previous	to Best Conceivable
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Transportation	16	31
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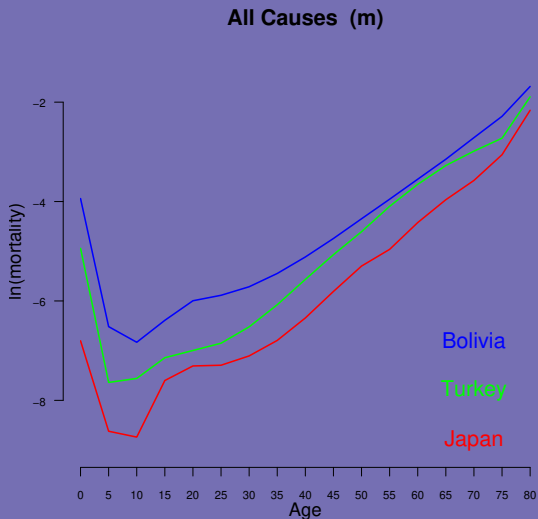
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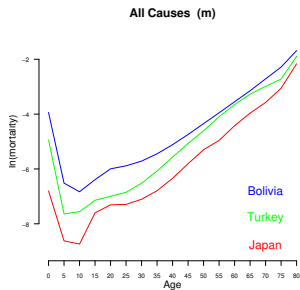
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- Does *considerably* better with **more informative covariates**

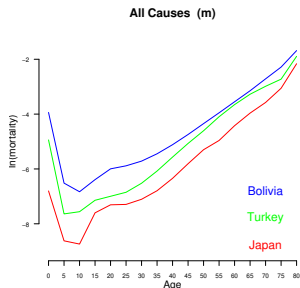
All-Cause Mortality Age Profile Patterns



Existing Method 1: Parameterize the Age Profile

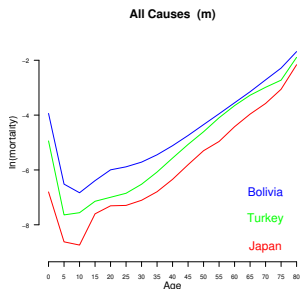


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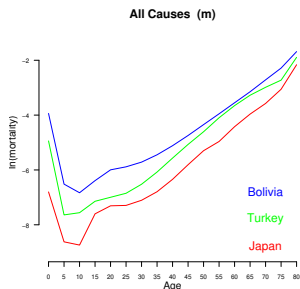
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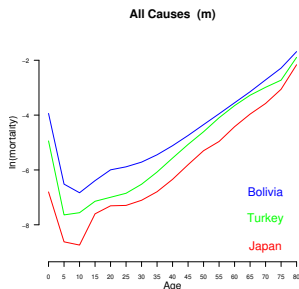
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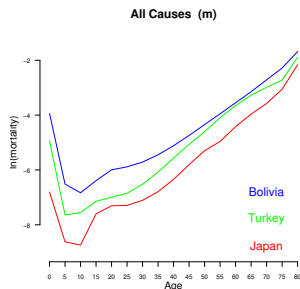
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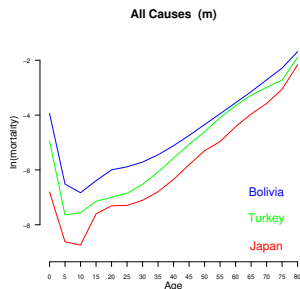
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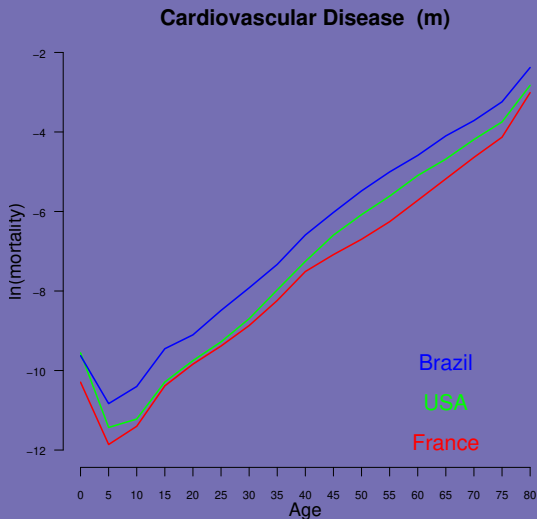
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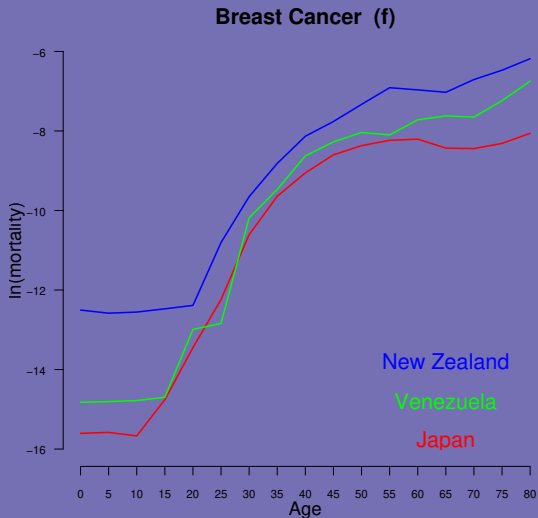


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- **But does it fit anything else?**

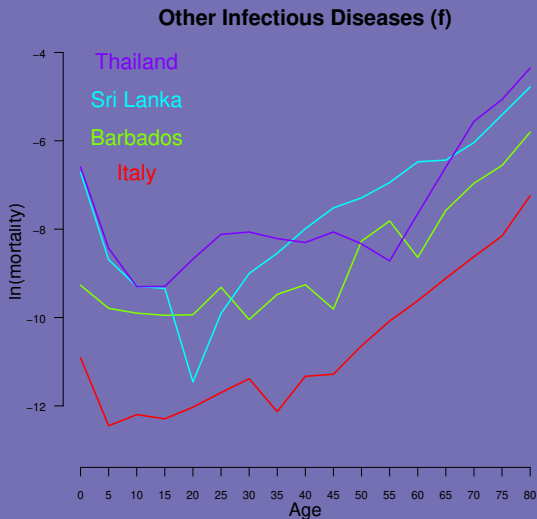
Mortality Age Profile: The Same Pattern?



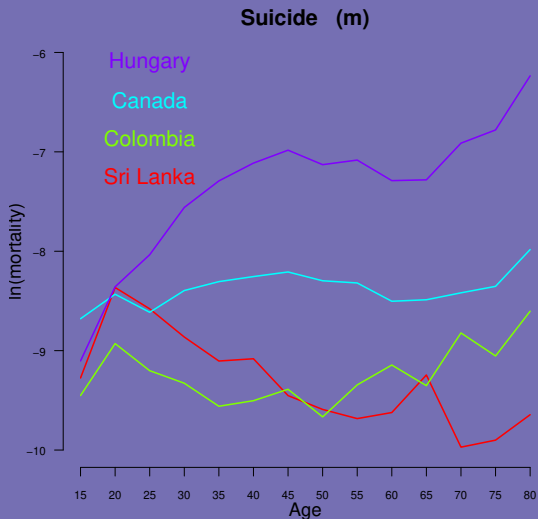
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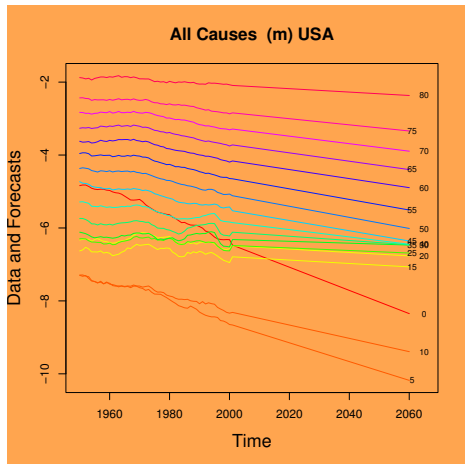
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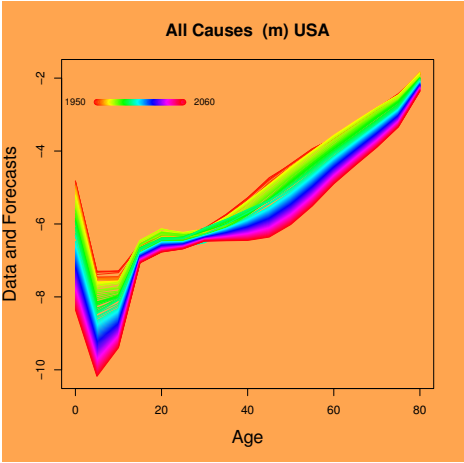
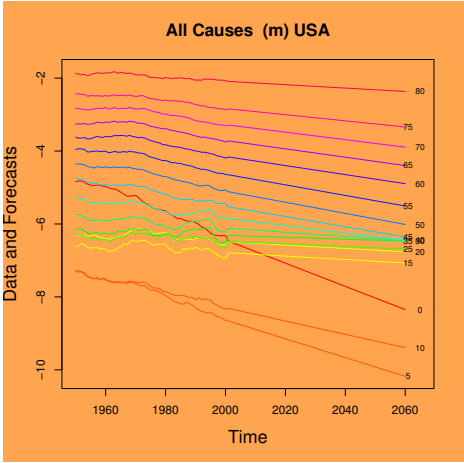
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- Also: Method ignores covariate information; the leading current method (McNown-Rogers) not replicable

Deterministic Projections

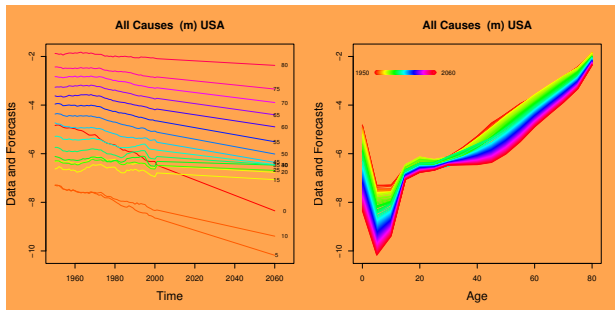
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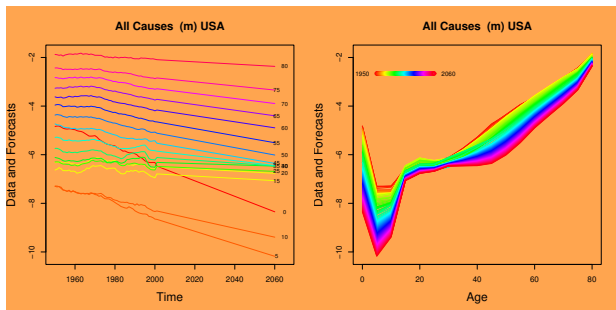
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Existing Method 2: Deterministic Projections

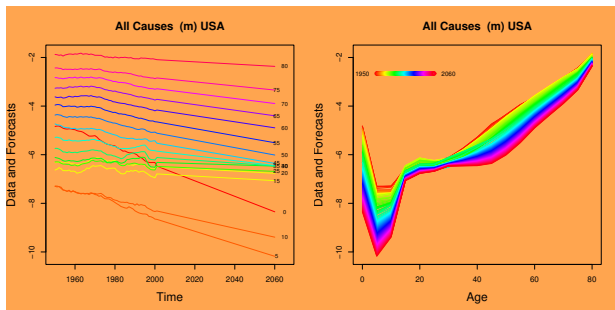


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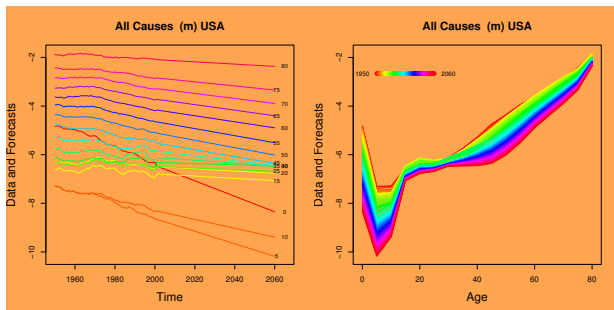
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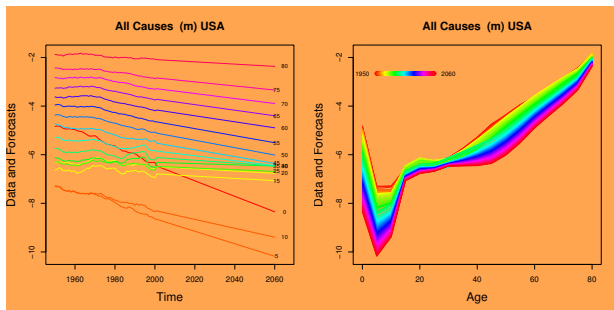
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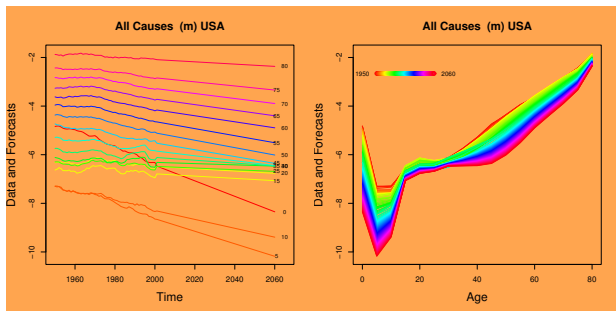
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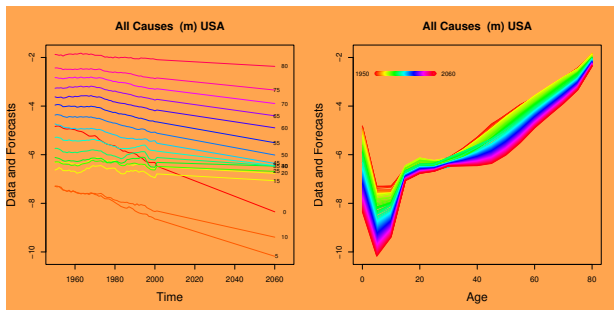
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- Does it fit elsewhere?

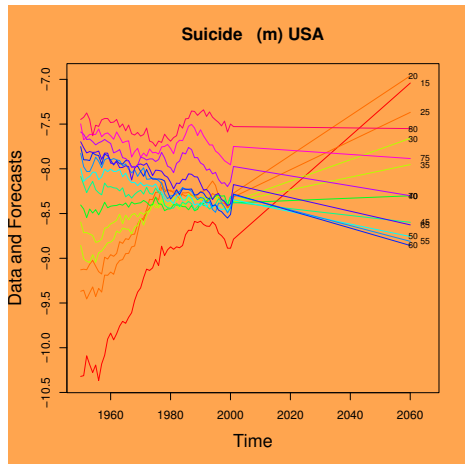
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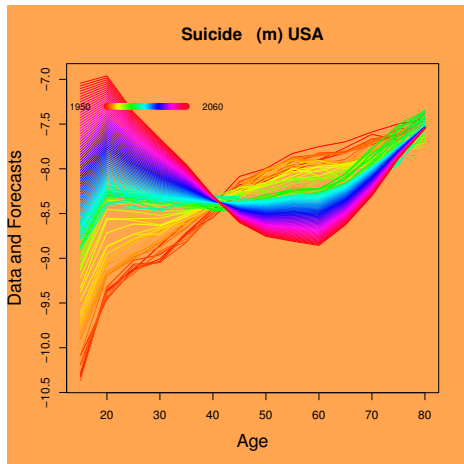
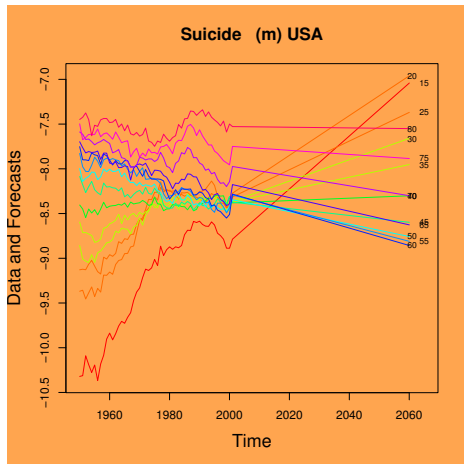
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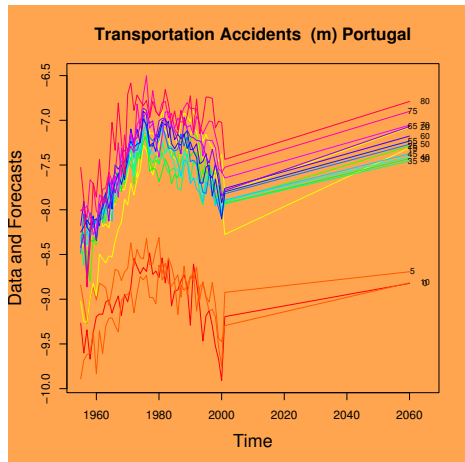
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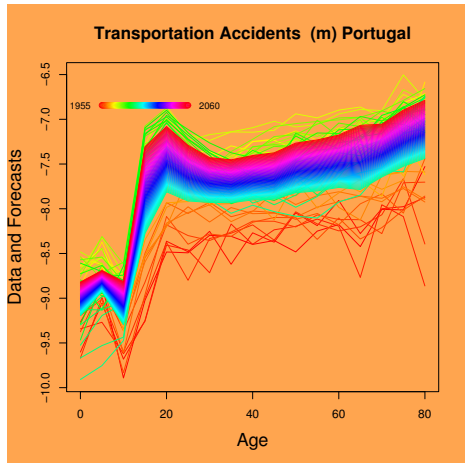
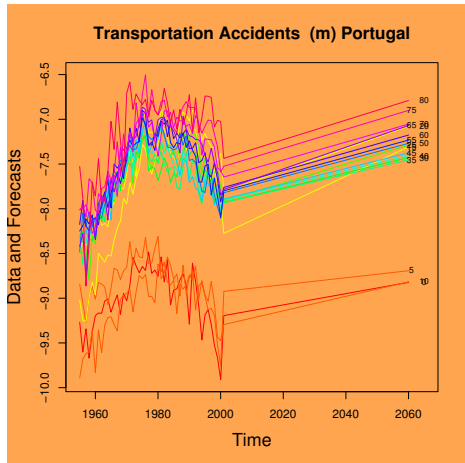
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$$P(y_i|\eta_i) = \left\{ \prod_{s=1}^S \prod_{k=1}^{K_s} \left[F(\tau_{is}^k|\mu_i, 1) - F(\tau_{is}^{k-1}|\mu_i, 1) \right]^{\mathbf{I}(y_{is}=k)} \right\} \frac{\sqrt{\mathfrak{B}}P_{10}P_{11}}{\sqrt{\mathfrak{B}}P_{10} + P_{11}},$$

$$L_s(\beta, \omega^2, \gamma|y) \propto \prod_{i=1}^n \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \prod_{s=1}^S \prod_{k=1}^{K_s} \left[F(\tau_{is}^k|X_i\beta + \eta_i, 1) \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \phi$$

$$\text{RD}_\gamma = \sqrt{\mathfrak{B}}/(1 + \sqrt{\mathfrak{B}}) - 1/(1 + \sqrt{\mathfrak{B}}) - F(\tau_{is}^{k-1}|X_i\beta + \eta_i, 1) \Big]^{\mathbf{I}(y_{is}=k)} N(\eta_i|0,$$

$$\Theta_{ab} = \Pr(X_a|Y = b), \mathfrak{B} = (\Theta_{11}\Theta_{00})/(\Theta_{01}\Theta_{10}). \phi = (\mathfrak{B}\zeta_{01}^2/\zeta_{11}^2)^{1/2} \\ = \sqrt{\mathfrak{B}}\zeta_{01}/\zeta_{11}, \text{ and } \gamma = \sqrt{\mathfrak{B}}/(\sqrt{\mathfrak{B}} + \eta_{11}/\eta_{10}). \text{ Then, } \text{RD}_\gamma$$

$$\eta_{11}\gamma = \frac{\sqrt{\mathfrak{B}}\eta_{10}\Lambda_{11}}{\sqrt{\mathfrak{B}}\Lambda_{10} + \Lambda_{11}}, \quad \Lambda_{01}\gamma = \frac{\sqrt{\mathfrak{B}}\Lambda_{01}\Gamma_{10}}{\sqrt{\mathfrak{B}}\Gamma_{10} + \Gamma_{11}}, \zeta\Gamma GK \boxtimes \Phi\phi$$

$$\Gamma_{10}(1 - \gamma) = \frac{\Gamma_{10}\Gamma_{11}}{\sqrt{\mathfrak{B}}\Gamma_{10} + P_{11}}, \quad P_{00}(1 - \gamma) = \frac{P_{11}P_{00}}{\sqrt{\mathfrak{B}}P_{10} + P_{11}}.$$

$$\text{rd} \in [\min[\text{rd}(\underline{\tau}_j), \text{rd}(\bar{\tau}_j)], \max[\text{rd}(\underline{\tau}_j), \text{rd}(\bar{\tau}_j)]]$$

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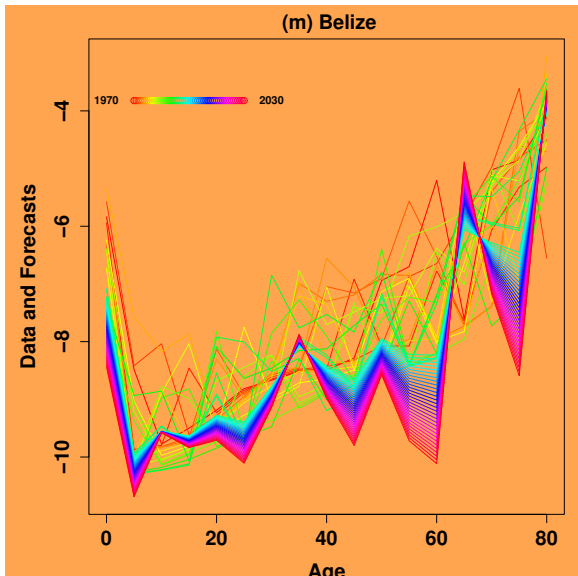
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- Added a wide array of ways to combine cross-sections

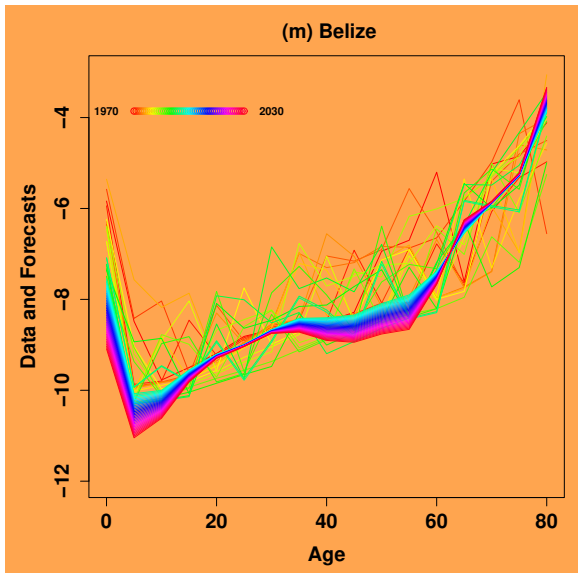
Mortality from Respiratory Infections, Males

Least Squares



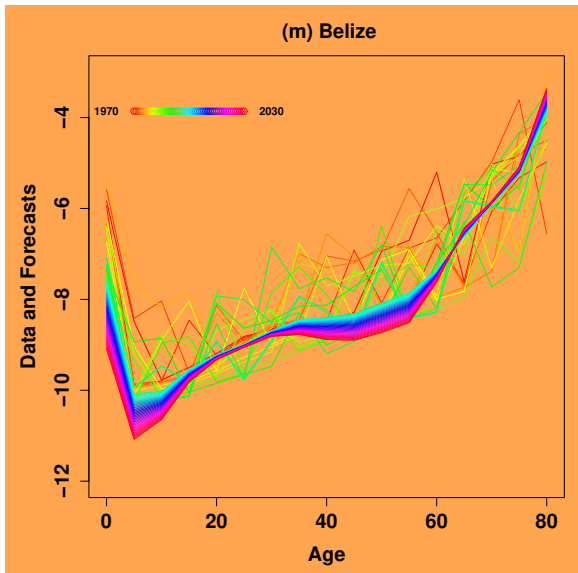
Mortality from Respiratory Infections, males, $\sigma = 2.00$

Smoothing over Age Groups



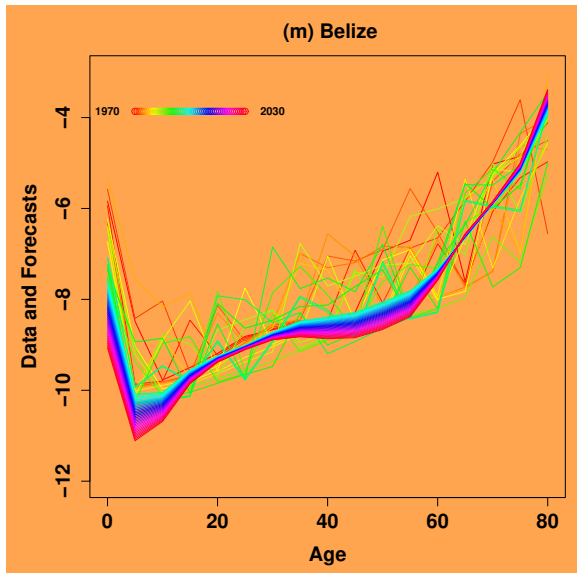
Mortality from Respiratory Infections, males, $\sigma = 1.51$

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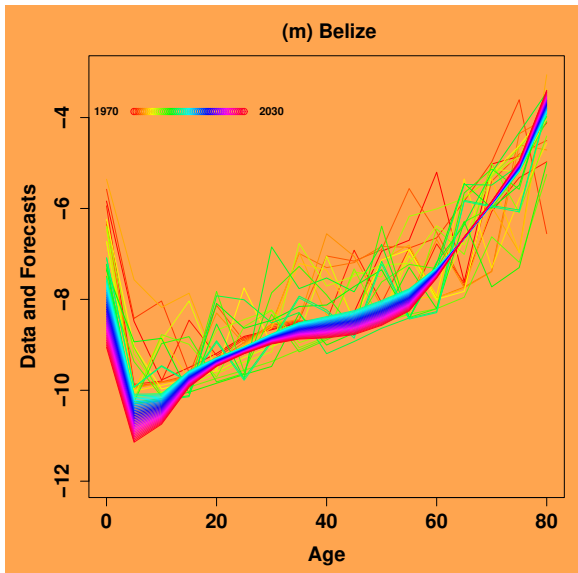
Mortality from Respiratory Infections, males, $\sigma = 1.15$

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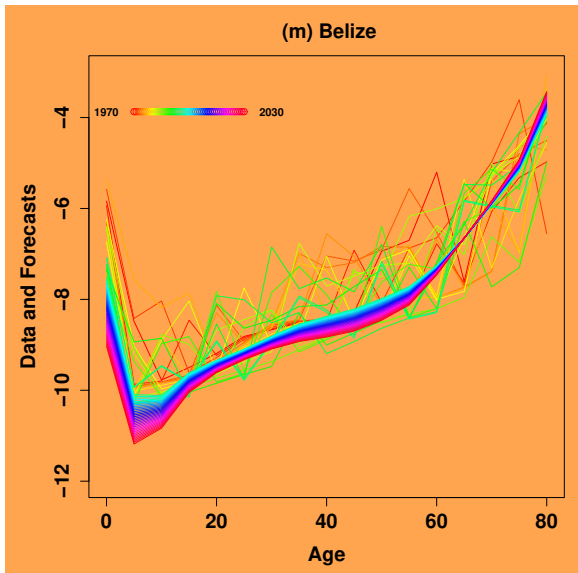
Mortality from Respiratory Infections, males, $\sigma = 0.87$

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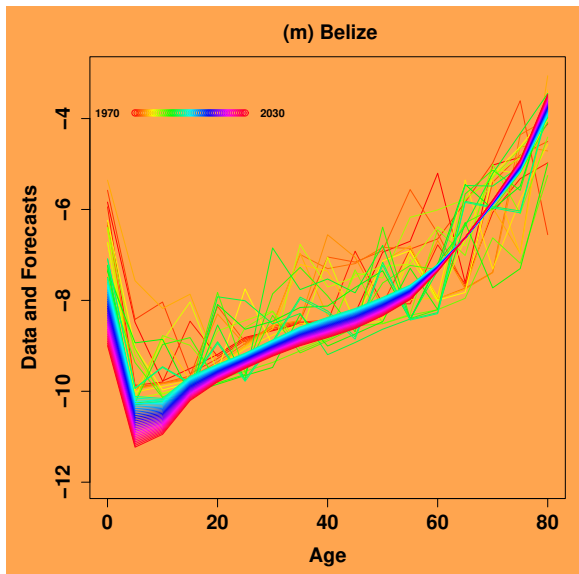
Mortality from Respiratory Infections, males, $\sigma = 0.66$

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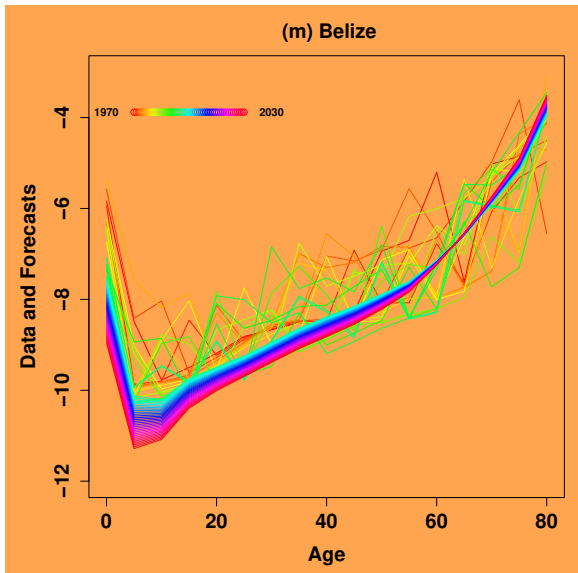
Mortality from Respiratory Infections, males, $\sigma = 0.50$

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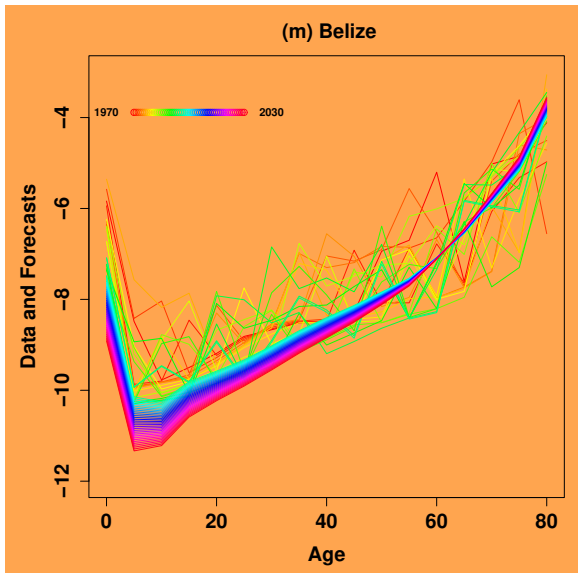
Mortality from Respiratory Infections, males, $\sigma = 0.38$

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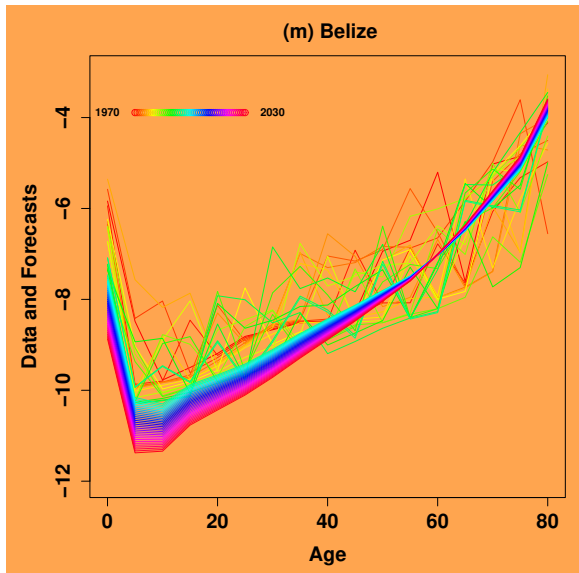
Mortality from Respiratory Infections, males, $\sigma = 0.28$

Smoothing over Age Groups



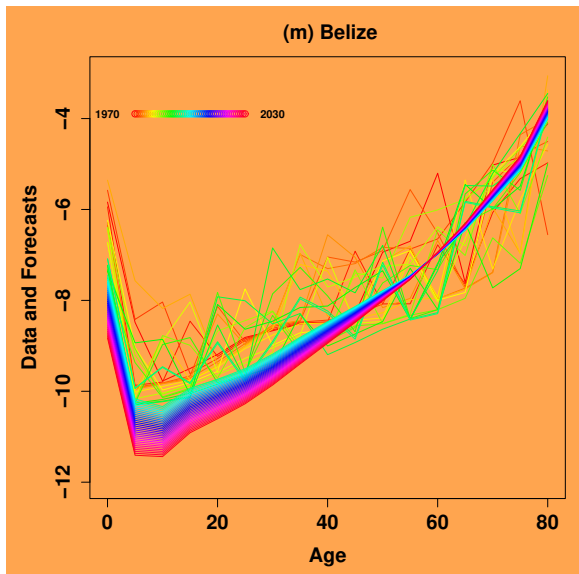
Mortality from Respiratory Infections, males, $\sigma = 0.21$

Smoothing over Age Groups



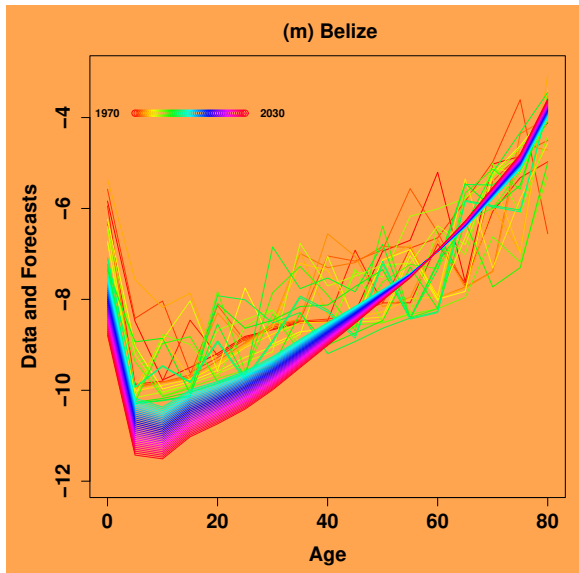
Mortality from Respiratory Infections, males, $\sigma = 0.16$

Smoothing over Age Groups



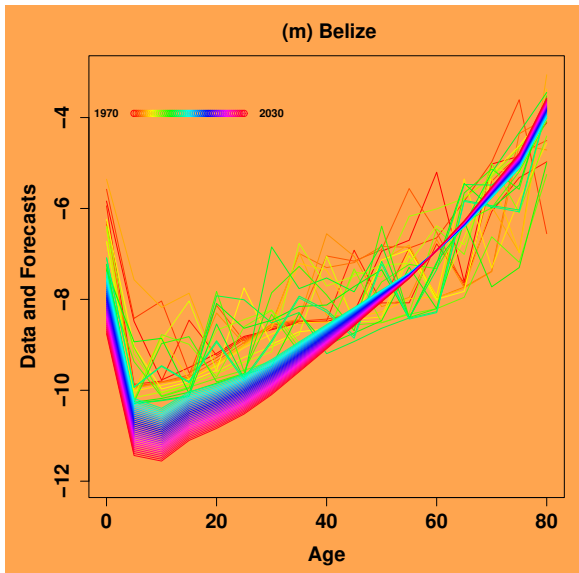
Mortality from Respiratory Infections, males, $\sigma = 0.12$

Smoothing over Age Groups



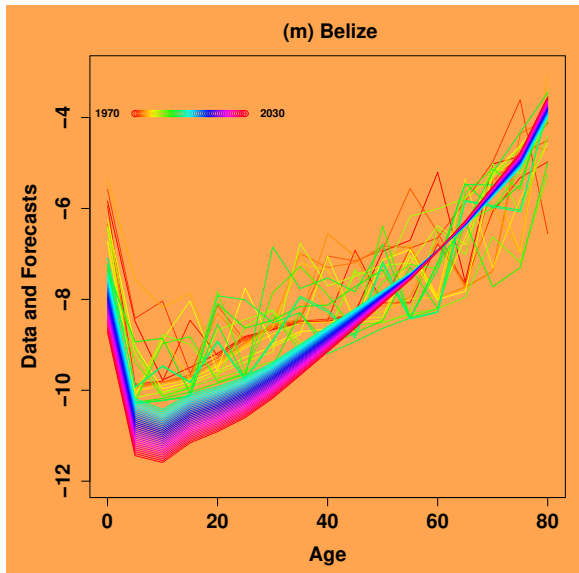
Mortality from Respiratory Infections, males, $\sigma = 0.09$

Smoothing over Age Groups



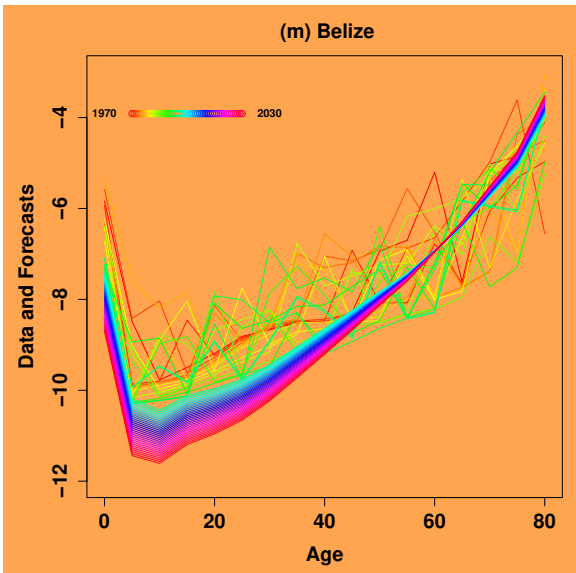
Mortality from Respiratory Infections, males, $\sigma = 0.07$

Smoothing over Age Groups



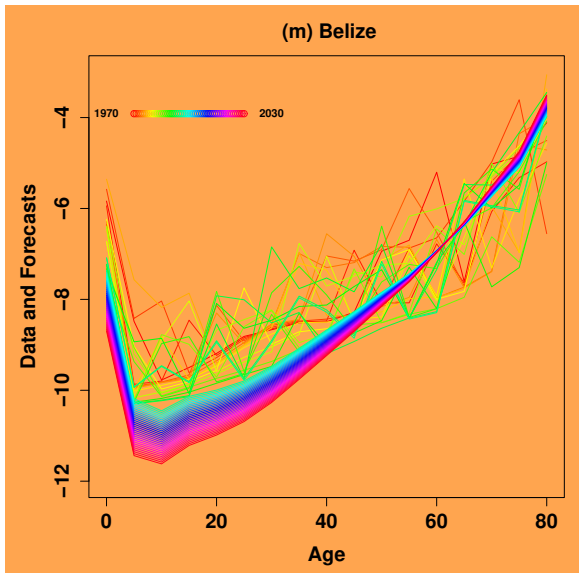
Mortality from Respiratory Infections, males, $\sigma = 0.05$

Smoothing over Age Groups



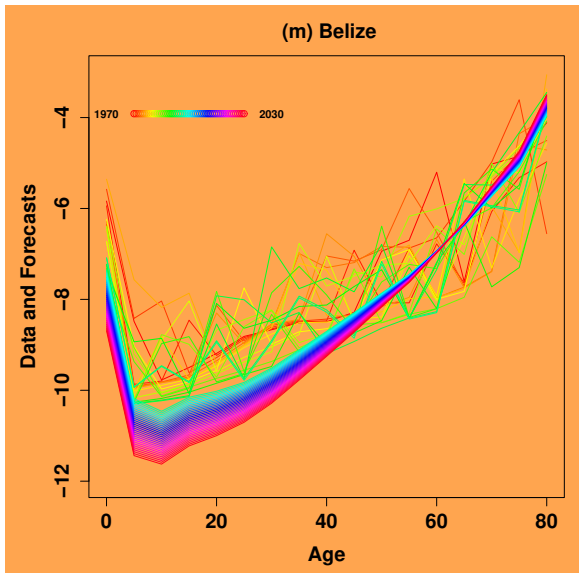
Mortality from Respiratory Infections, males, $\sigma = 0.04$

Smoothing over Age Groups



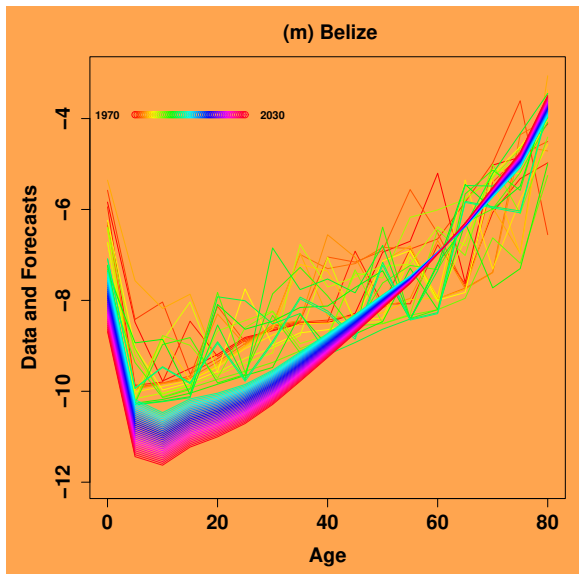
Mortality from Respiratory Infections, males, $\sigma = 0.03$

Smoothing over Age Groups



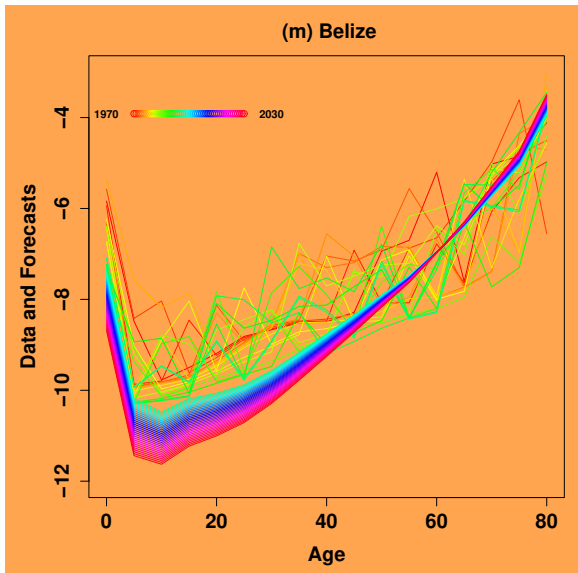
Mortality from Respiratory Infections, males, $\sigma = 0.02$

Smoothing over Age Groups



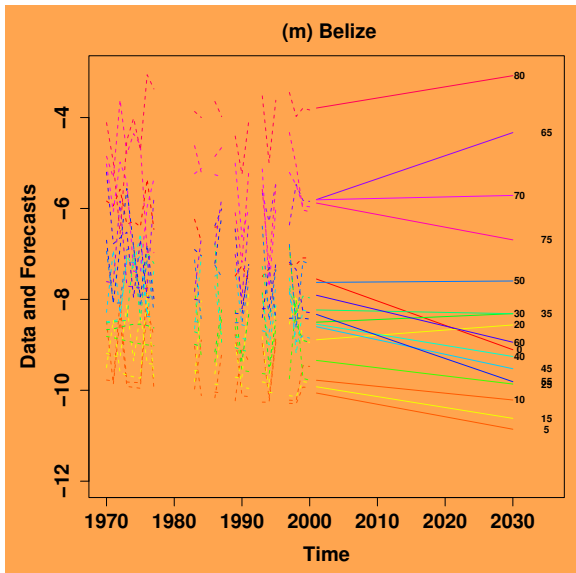
Mortality from Respiratory Infections, males, $\sigma = 0.01$

Smoothing over Age Groups



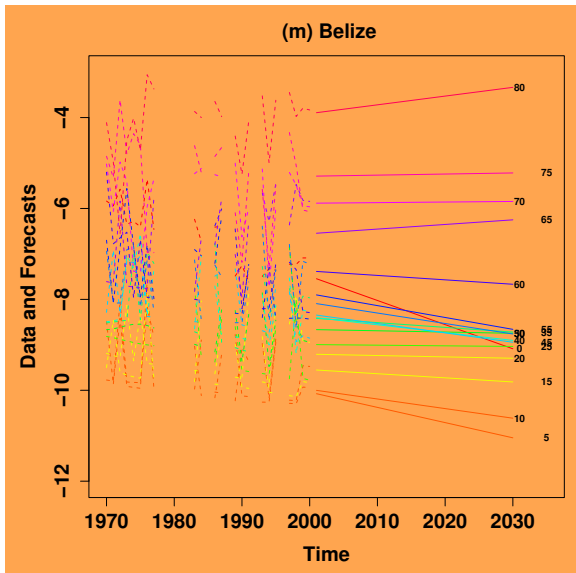
Mortality from Respiratory Infections, males

Least Squares



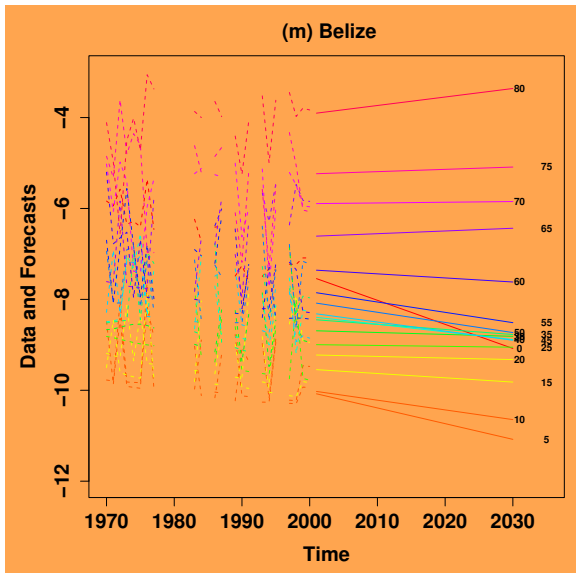
Mortality from Respiratory Infections, males, $\sigma = 2.00$

Smoothing over Age Groups



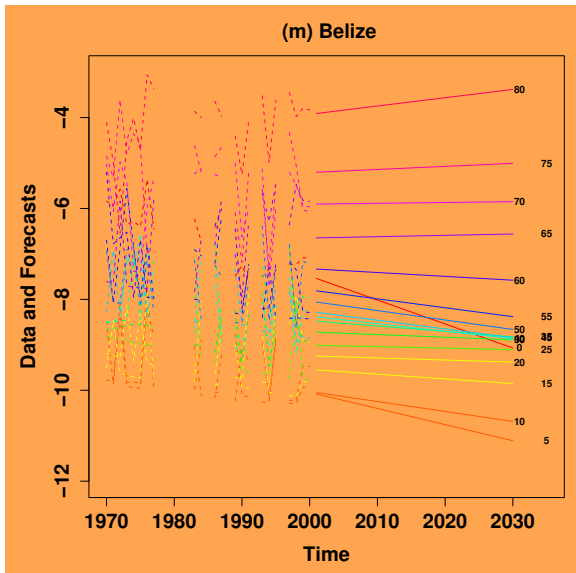
Mortality from Respiratory Infections, males, $\sigma = 1.51$

Smoothing over Age Groups



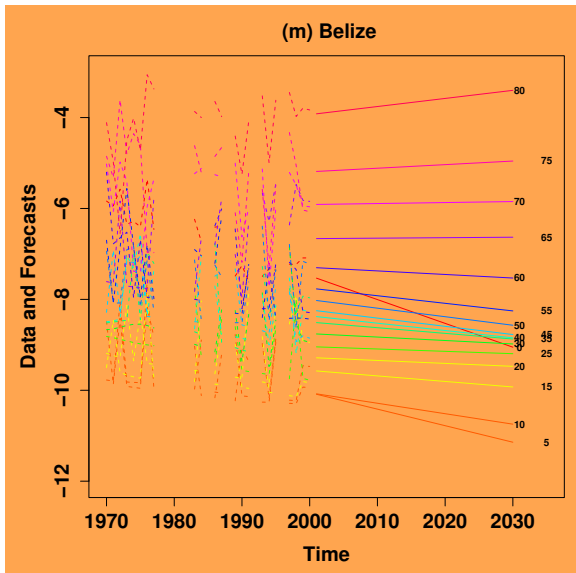
Mortality from Respiratory Infections, males, $\sigma = 1.15$

Smoothing over Age Groups



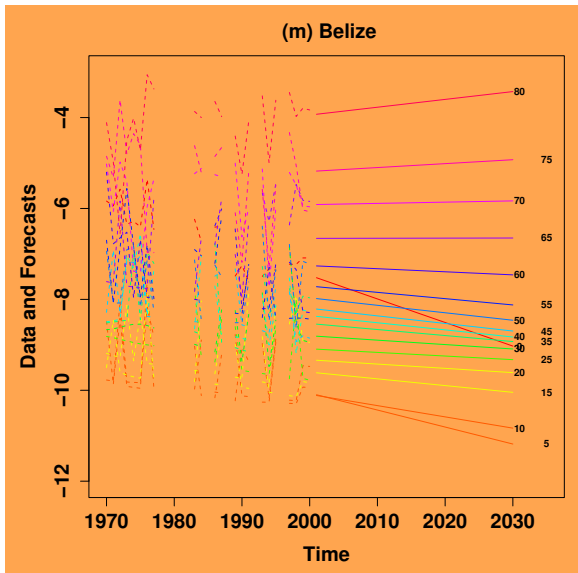
Mortality from Respiratory Infections, males, $\sigma = 0.87$

Smoothing over Age Groups



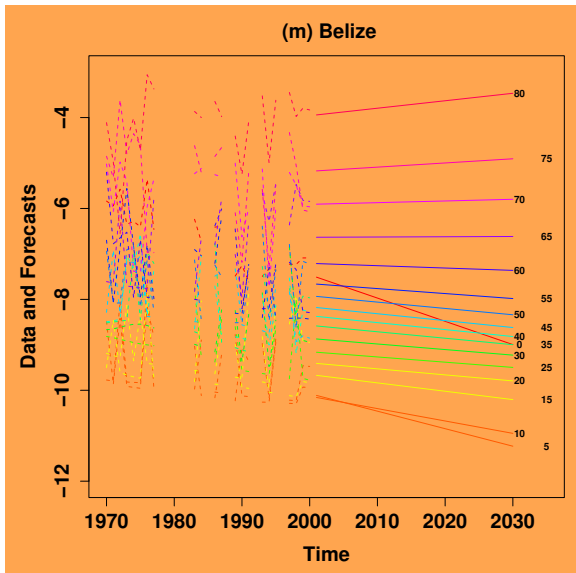
Mortality from Respiratory Infections, males, $\sigma = 0.66$

Smoothing over Age Groups



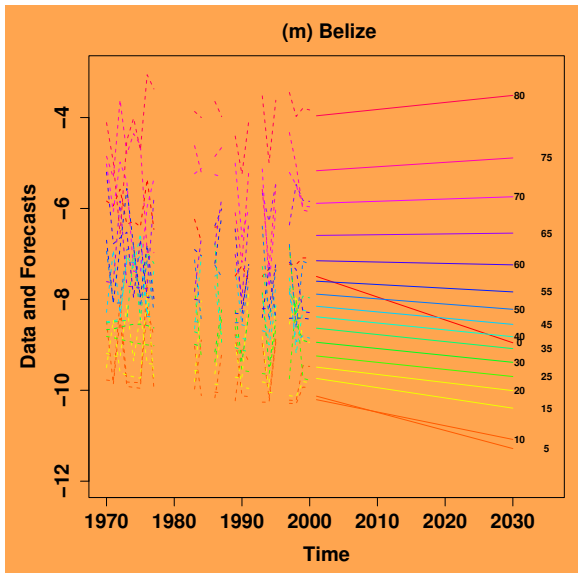
Mortality from Respiratory Infections, males, $\sigma = 0.50$

Smoothing over Age Groups



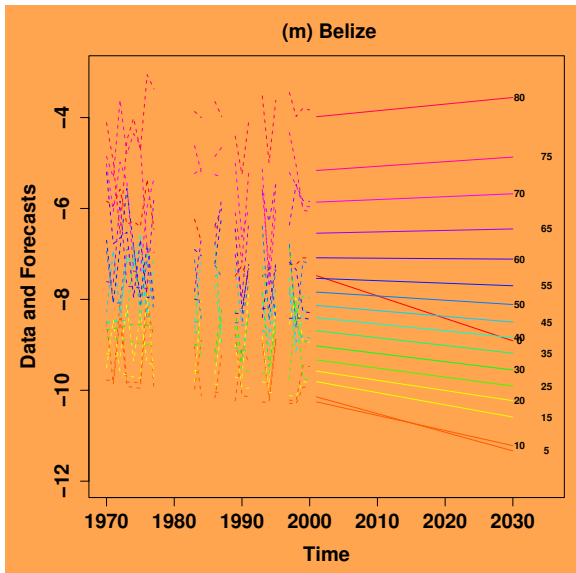
Mortality from Respiratory Infections, males, $\sigma = 0.38$

Smoothing over Age Groups



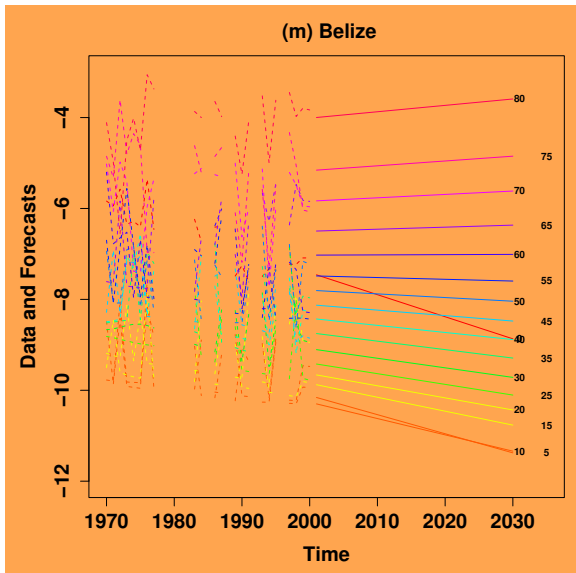
Mortality from Respiratory Infections, males, $\sigma = 0.28$

Smoothing over Age Groups



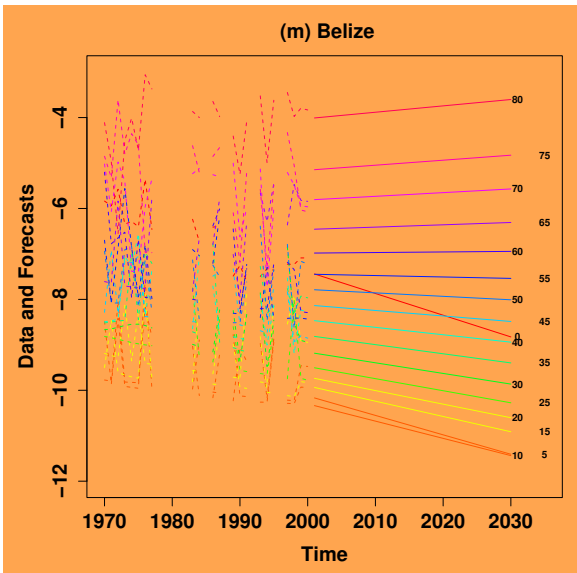
Mortality from Respiratory Infections, males, $\sigma = 0.21$

Smoothing over Age Groups



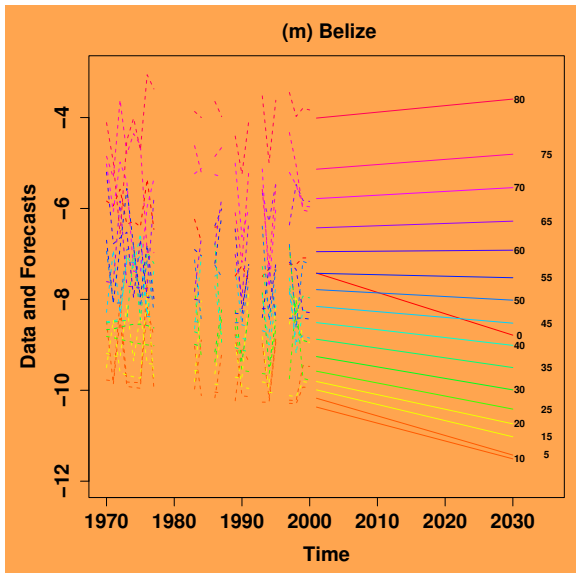
Mortality from Respiratory Infections, males, $\sigma = 0.16$

Smoothing over Age Groups



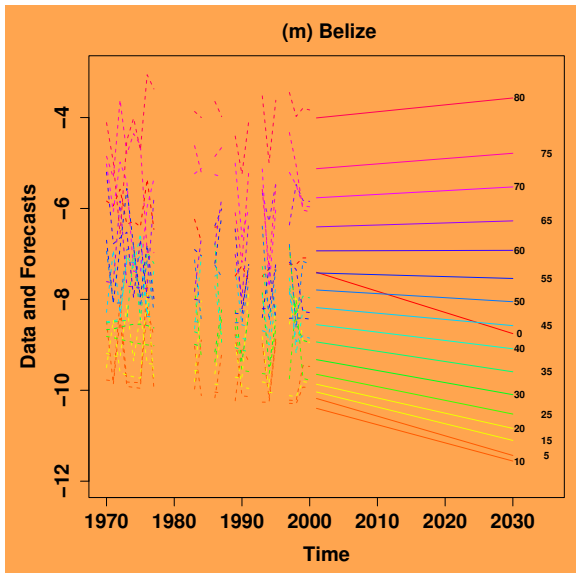
Mortality from Respiratory Infections, males, $\sigma = 0.12$

Smoothing over Age Groups



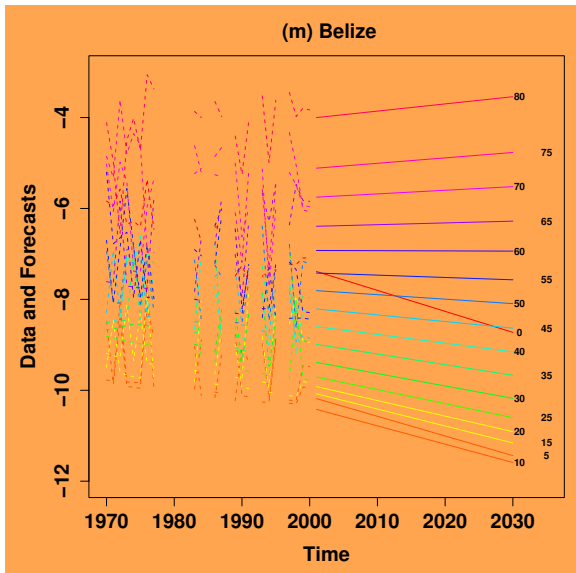
Mortality from Respiratory Infections, males, $\sigma = 0.09$

Smoothing over Age Groups



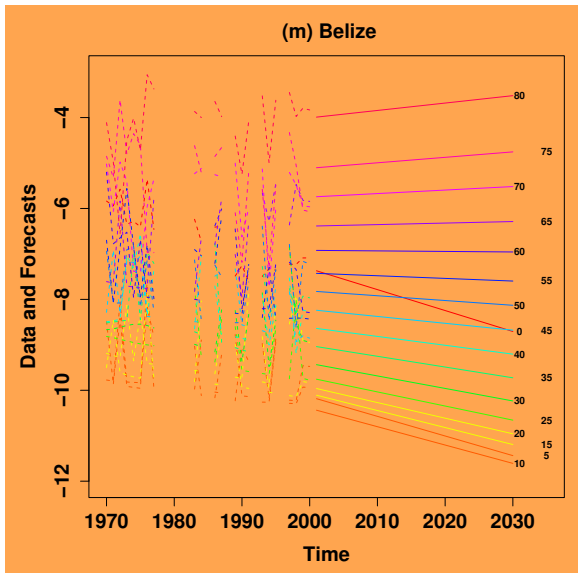
Mortality from Respiratory Infections, males, $\sigma = 0.07$

Smoothing over Age Groups



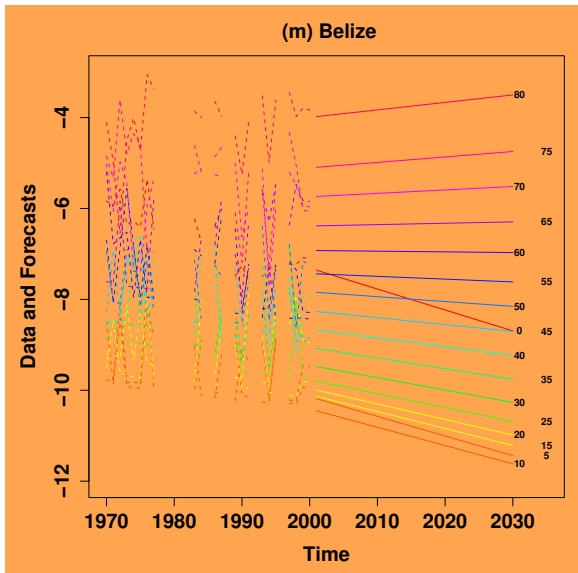
Mortality from Respiratory Infections, males, $\sigma = 0.05$

Smoothing over Age Groups



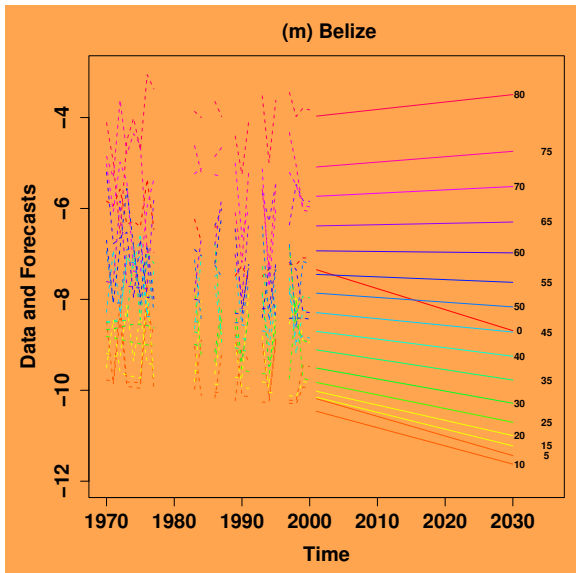
Mortality from Respiratory Infections, males, $\sigma = 0.04$

Smoothing over Age Groups



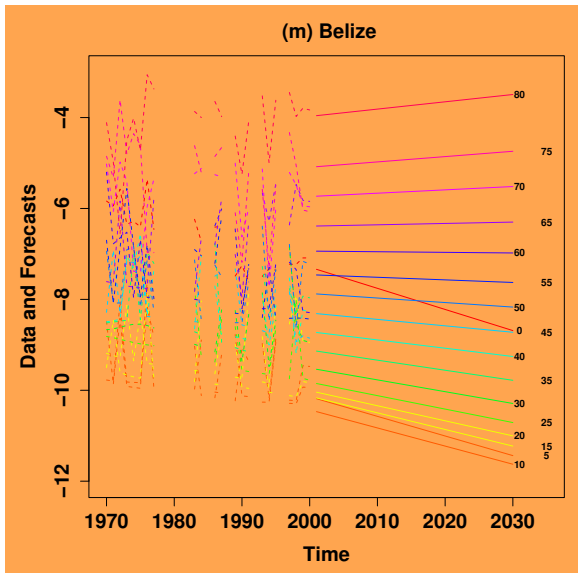
Mortality from Respiratory Infections, males, $\sigma = 0.03$

Smoothing over Age Groups



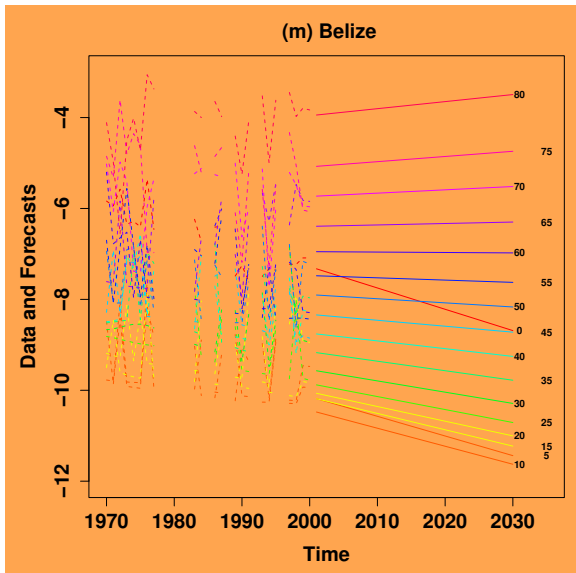
Mortality from Respiratory Infections, males, $\sigma = 0.02$

Smoothing over Age Groups



Mortality from Respiratory Infections, males, $\sigma = 0.01$

Smoothing over Age Groups



Smoothing Trends over Age Groups

Smoothing Trends over Age Groups

Log-mortality in Belize males from respiratory infections

Smoothing Trends over Age Groups

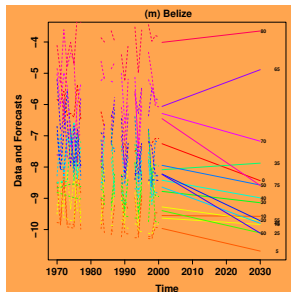
Log-mortality in Belize males from respiratory infections

Least Squares

Smoothing Trends over Age Groups

Log-mortality in Belize males from respiratory infections

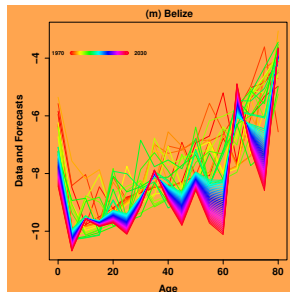
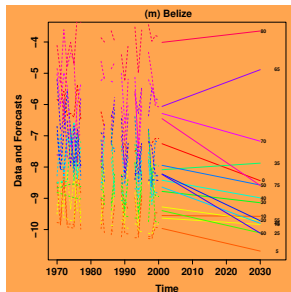
Least Squares



Smoothing Trends over Age Groups

Log-mortality in Belize males from respiratory infections

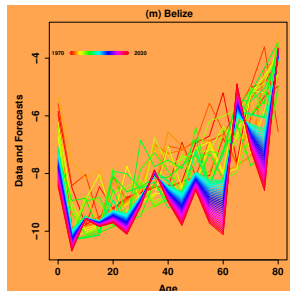
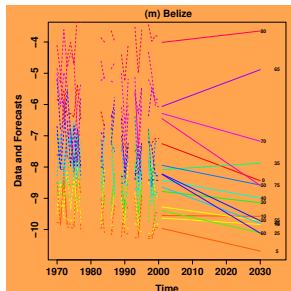
Least Squares



Smoothing Trends over Age Groups

Log-mortality in Belize males from respiratory infections

Least Squares

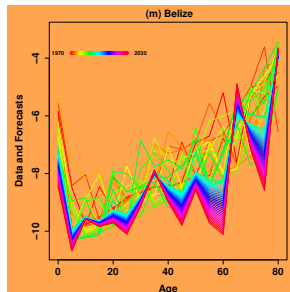
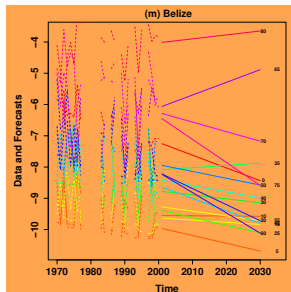


Smoothing
Age Groups

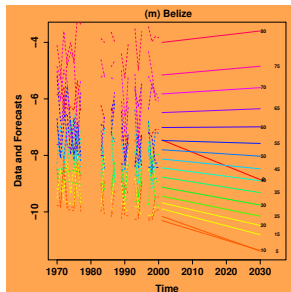
Smoothing Trends over Age Groups

Log-mortality in Belize males from respiratory infections

Least Squares



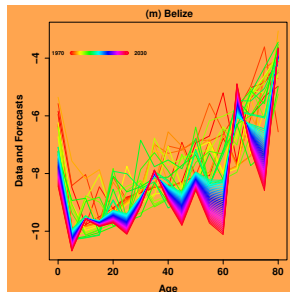
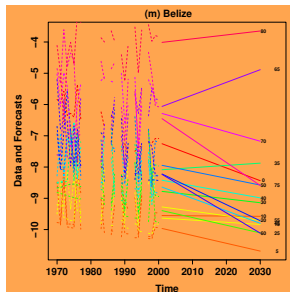
Smoothing
Age Groups



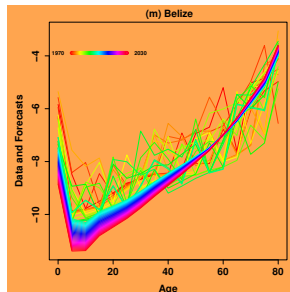
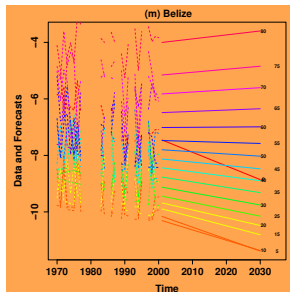
Smoothing Trends over Age Groups

Log-mortality in Belize males from respiratory infections

Least Squares



Smoothing
Age Groups



Smoothing Trends over Age Groups and Time

Smoothing Trends over Age Groups and Time

Log-Mortality in Bulgarian males from respiratory infections

Smoothing Trends over Age Groups and Time

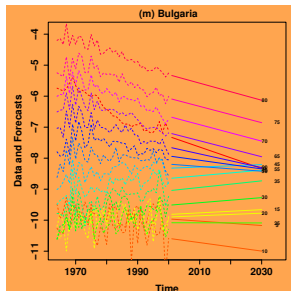
Log-Mortality in Bulgarian males from respiratory infections

Least Squares

Smoothing Trends over Age Groups and Time

Log-Mortality in Bulgarian males from respiratory infections

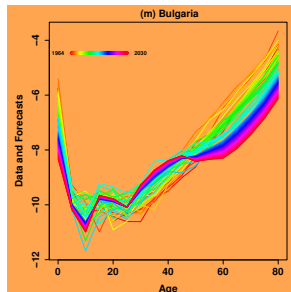
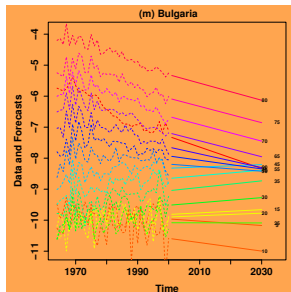
Least Squares



Smoothing Trends over Age Groups and Time

Log-Mortality in Bulgarian males from respiratory infections

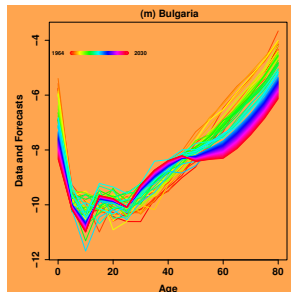
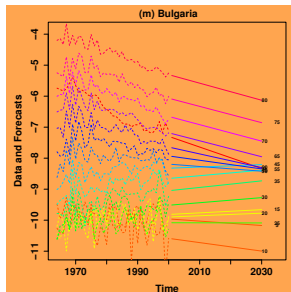
Least Squares



Smoothing Trends over Age Groups and Time

Log-Mortality in Bulgarian males from respiratory infections

Least Squares

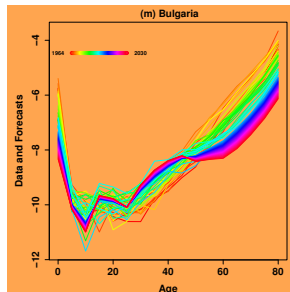
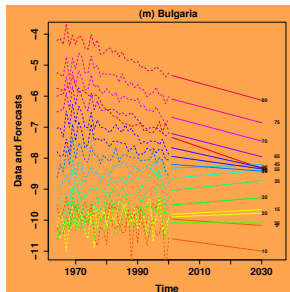


Smoothing
Age and Time

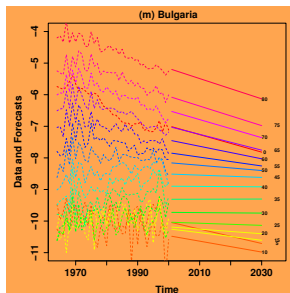
Smoothing Trends over Age Groups and Time

Log-Mortality in Bulgarian males from respiratory infections

Least Squares



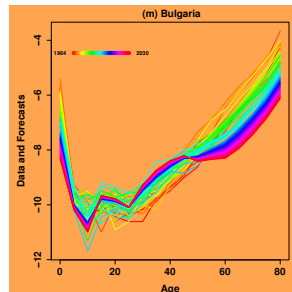
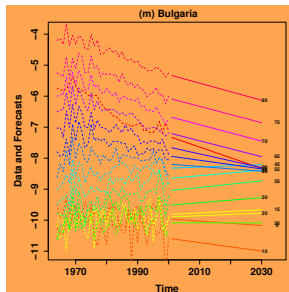
Smoothing
Age and Time



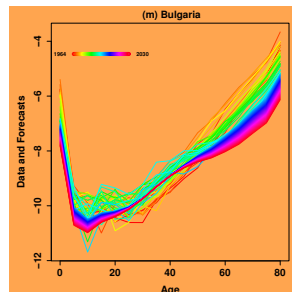
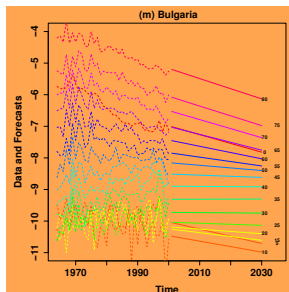
Smoothing Trends over Age Groups and Time

Log-Mortality in Bulgarian males from respiratory infections

Least Squares



Smoothing
Age and Time



Using Covariates (GDP, tobacco, trend, log trend)

Using Covariates (GDP, tobacco, trend, log trend)

Lung cancer in Korean Males

Using Covariates (GDP, tobacco, trend, log trend)

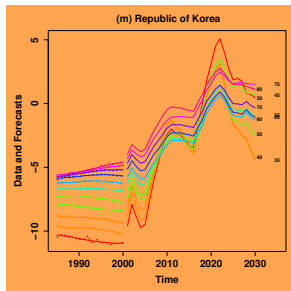
Lung cancer in Korean Males

Least Squares

Using Covariates (GDP, tobacco, trend, log trend)

Lung cancer in Korean Males

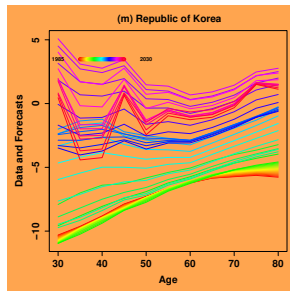
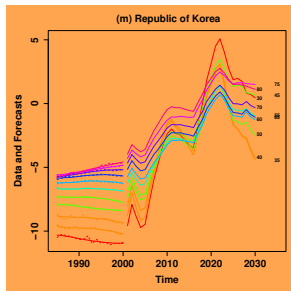
Least Squares



Using Covariates (GDP, tobacco, trend, log trend)

Lung cancer in Korean Males

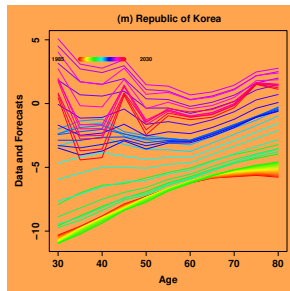
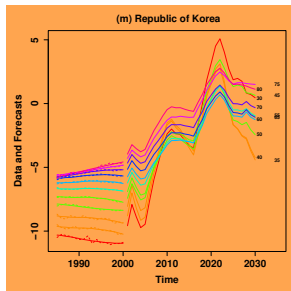
Least Squares



Using Covariates (GDP, tobacco, trend, log trend)

Lung cancer in Korean Males

Least Squares

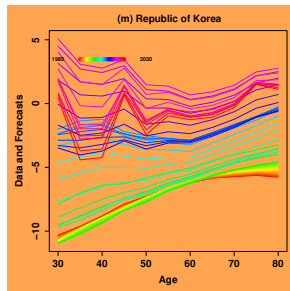
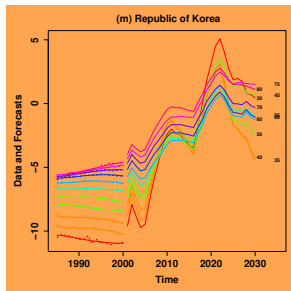


Smooth over age,
time, age/time

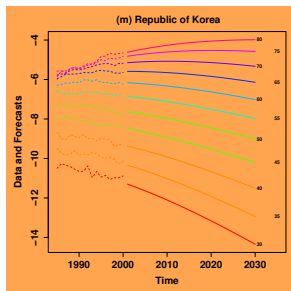
Using Covariates (GDP, tobacco, trend, log trend)

Lung cancer in Korean Males

Least Squares



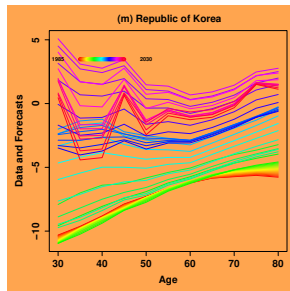
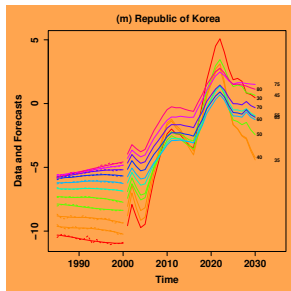
Smooth over age,
time, age/time



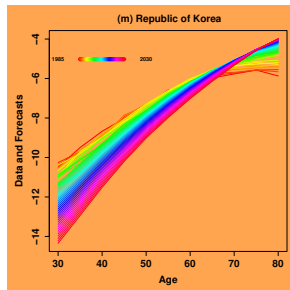
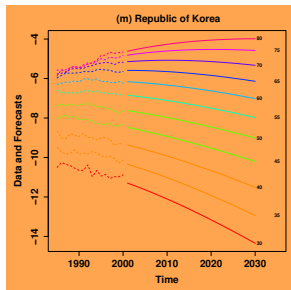
Using Covariates (GDP, tobacco, trend, log trend)

Lung cancer in Korean Males

Least Squares



Smooth over age,
time, age/time



Using Covariates (GDP, tobacco, trend, log trend)

Using Covariates (GDP, tobacco, trend, log trend)

Lung cancer in Males, Singapore

Using Covariates (GDP, tobacco, trend, log trend)

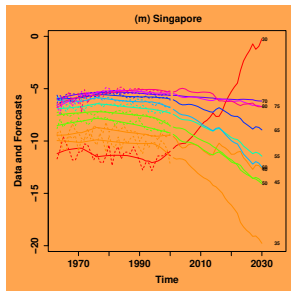
Lung cancer in Males, Singapore

Least Squares

Using Covariates (GDP, tobacco, trend, log trend)

Lung cancer in Males, Singapore

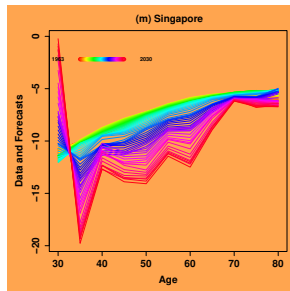
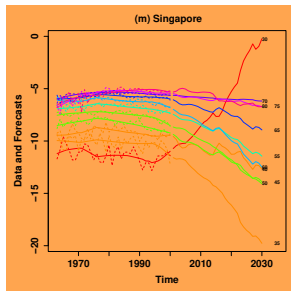
Least Squares



Using Covariates (GDP, tobacco, trend, log trend)

Lung cancer in Males, Singapore

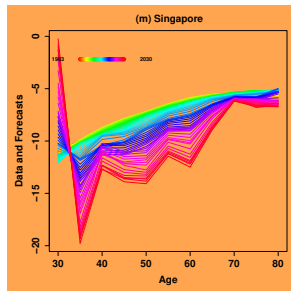
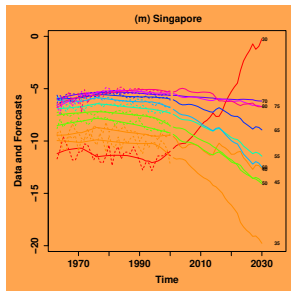
Least Squares



Using Covariates (GDP, tobacco, trend, log trend)

Lung cancer in Males, Singapore

Least Squares

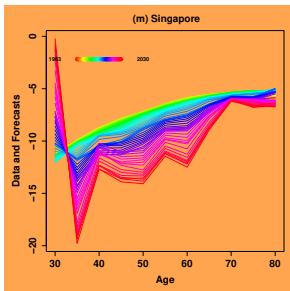
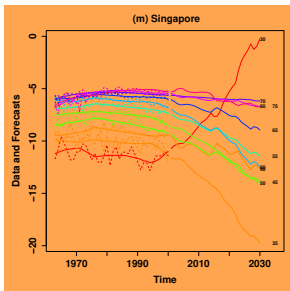


Smooth over age,
time, age/time

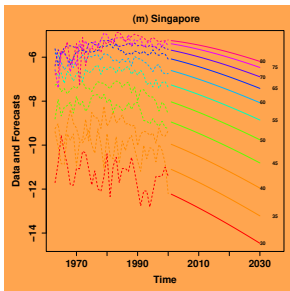
Using Covariates (GDP, tobacco, trend, log trend)

Lung cancer in Males, Singapore

Least Squares



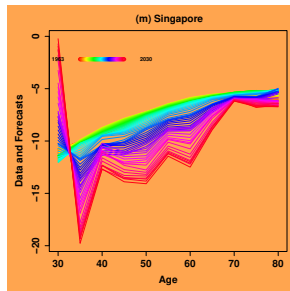
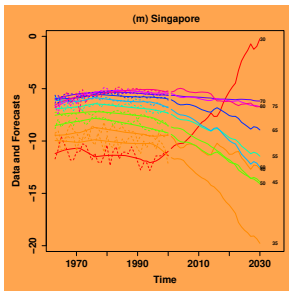
Smooth over age,
time, age/time



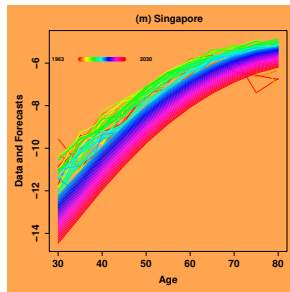
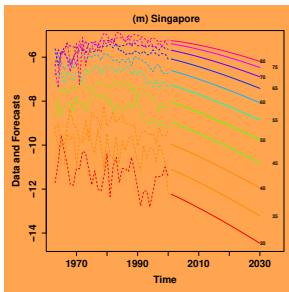
Using Covariates (GDP, tobacco, trend, log trend)

Lung cancer in Males, Singapore

Least Squares

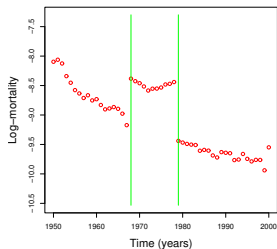


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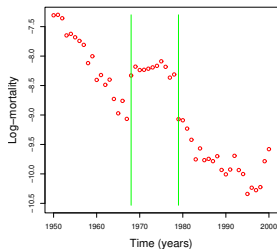


What about ICD Changes?

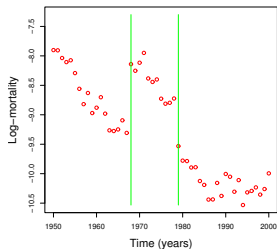
Other Infectious Diseases : USA , age 0 (m)



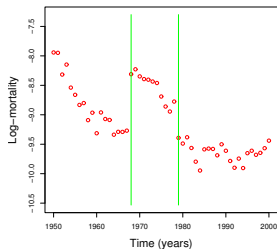
Other Infectious Diseases : France , age 0 (m)



Other Infectious Diseases : Australia , age 0 (m)

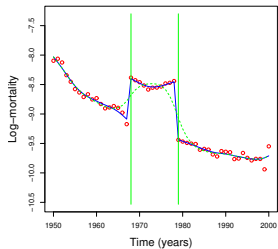


Other Infectious Diseases : United Kingdom , age 0 (m)

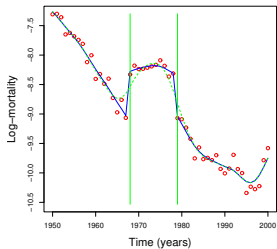


Fixing ICD Changes

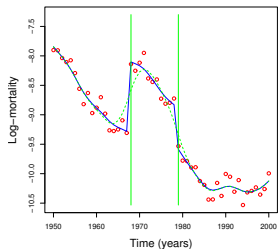
Other Infectious Diseases : USA , age 0 (m)



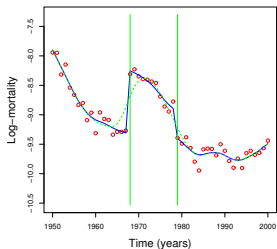
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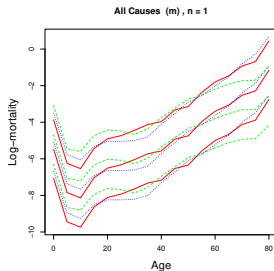
Formalizing (Prior) Indifference

equal color = equal probability

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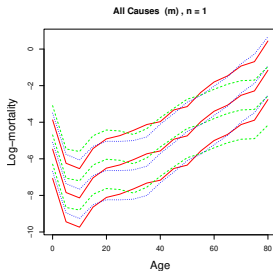
Level indifference



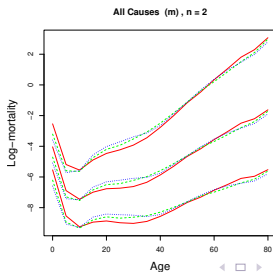
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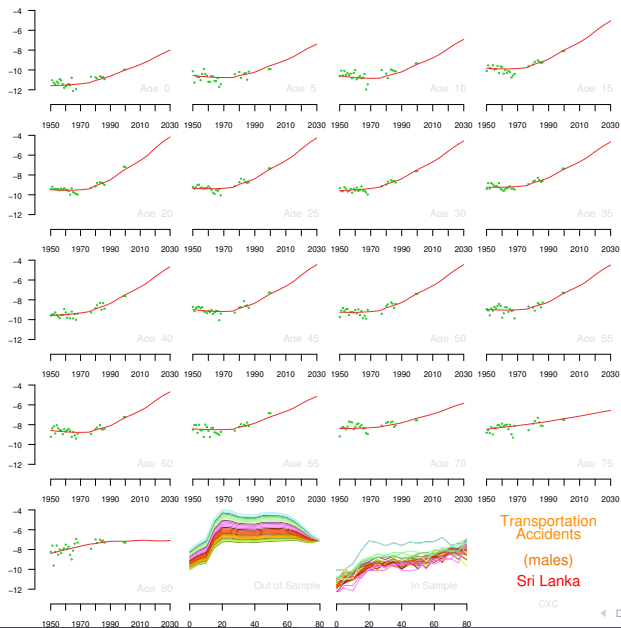
Level and slope indifference



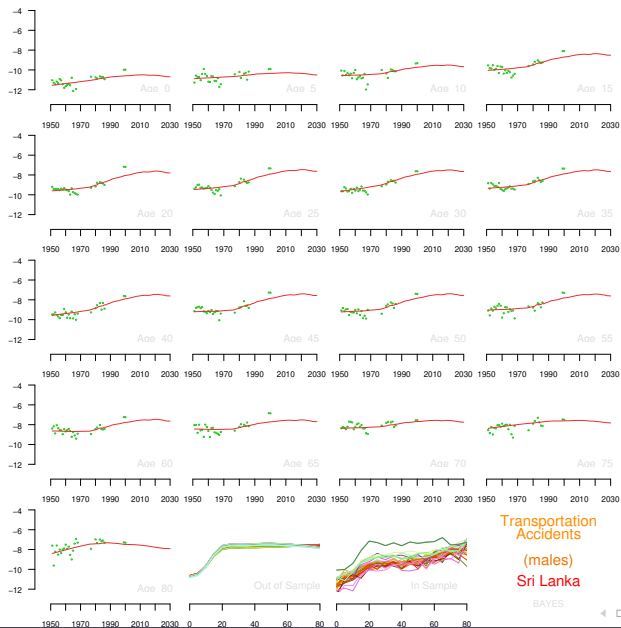
A book manuscript, YourCast software, etc.

<http://GKing.Harvard.edu>

Without Country Smoothing



With Country Smoothing



Formalizing Similarity

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Standard Bayesian Approach

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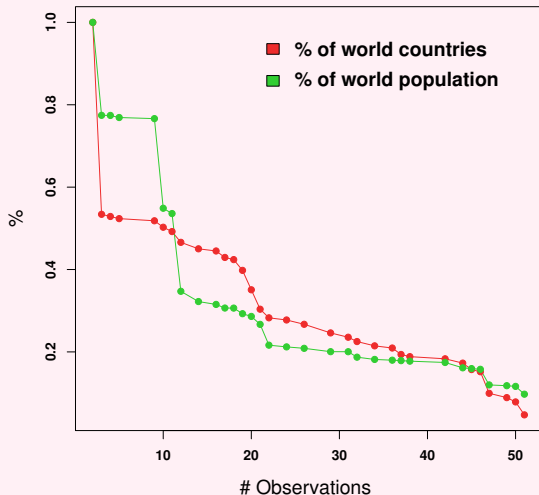
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- Covariates with the same name can have different meanings

Many Short Time Series

Coverage of WHO data base (age specific, all causes)



Preview of Results: Out-of-Sample Evaluation

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Mean Absolute Error in Males (over age and country)

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	Mean Absolute Error			% Improvement	
	Best Previous	Our Method	Best Conceivable	Over Best Previous	to Best Conceivable
Cardiovascular	0.34	0.27	0.19	22	49
Lung Cancer	0.36	0.27	0.17	24	47
Transportation	0.37	0.31	0.18	16	31
Respiratory Chronic	0.45	0.39	0.26	13	30
Other Infectious	0.55	0.48	0.32	12	30
Stomach Cancer	0.30	0.27	0.20	8	24
All-Cause	0.17	0.15	0.08	12	22
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- Does much better with better covariates

